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DELEGATE HARDWICKE: Would it then not be possible, then, for a governmental unit to impose a payroll tax which would cover persons who did not have the power to vote for them, but who for some reason or another came within the jurisdiction of that governmental unit?

DELEGATE CASE: Of course, as you know,

Delegate Hardwicke, the question of the constitutionality

of payroll taxes has been before a great number of

states, particularly in Pennsylvania and Ohio, and the

argument has always been made that people whose residence

or domicile was in a non-taxing jurisdiction were improperly

hit with the tax of the taxing jurisdiction and the

cases have almost uniformly held that this is not true

because generally the theory is that the taxpayer didn't

have to work in that particular area and did so by choice

and, therefore, subjected himself to the tax.

THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Hardwicke.

DELEGATE CASE: This is a neat constitutional

THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Hardwicke.

question.